

## Office of Research, Planning & Institutional Effectiveness Key Performance Indicator (KPI) Dashboard

# Goal 1 – Student Success KPI 1.2 – Fall to Spring Retention (Persistence)

**Objective:** Increase student success while preserving access, enhancing quality, and reducing attainment gaps associated with income, race, ethnicity, age, and gender.

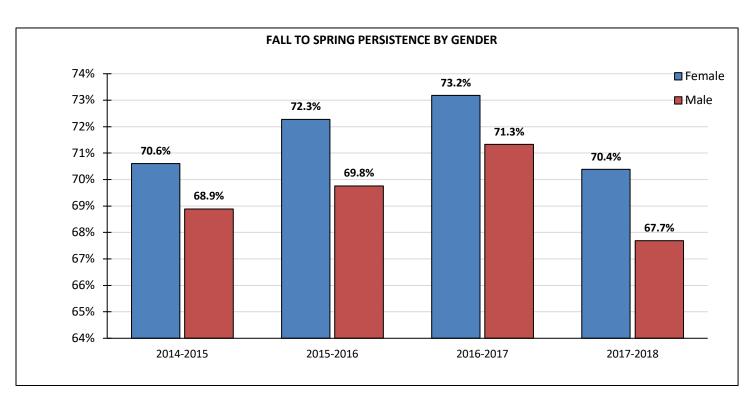
**Definition**: Number of students who earned a Grade on Record (GOR) in the initial Fall semester divided by the number of students who earned a GOR in the subsequent Spring semester, excluding students who earned a degree or certificate and/or transferred.

#### Measurement Frequency: Annual

**Note:** Fall to Spring and not Fall to Fall. Annual measures (e.g. Fall to Spring) rather than multi-year measures (Fall to Fall) allow districts and colleges to develop interventions annually rather than every two years.

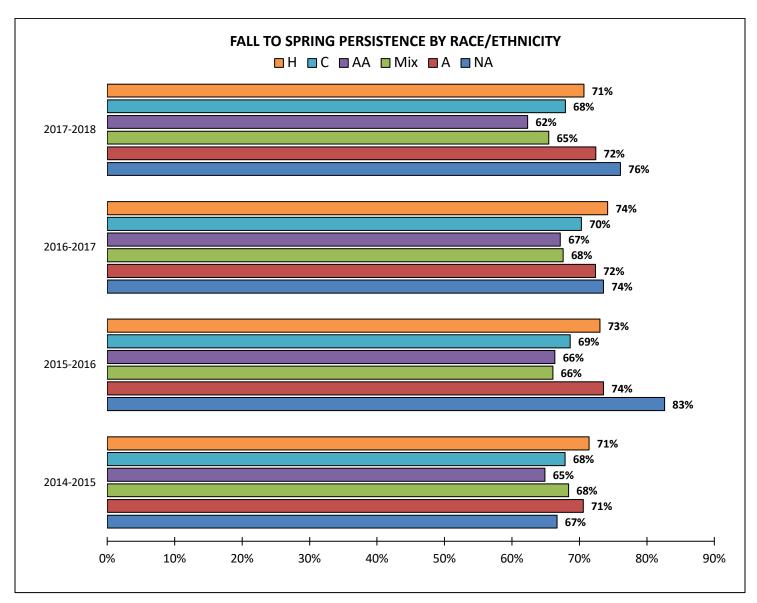
| KPI 1.2: Fall to Spring Retention (Persistence) | 2014-2015 | 2015-2016 | 2016-2017 | 2017-2018 |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Crafton Hills College (CHC)                     | 71.18%    | 73.36%    | 72.84%    | 72.65%    |
| San Bernardino Valley College (SBVC)            | 70.88%    | 71.73%    | 73.67%    | 69.43%    |
| SBCCD (Total)                                   | 71.03%    | 72.55%    | 73.25%    | 71.04%    |

### **EQUITY ANALYSIS:**





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H = Hispanic; C = Caucasian; AA = African American; Mix = Multiple Race; A = Asian; NA = Native American

#### **SUMMARY OF THE DATA:**

Fall to Spring Retention (Overall): <u>71.04%</u> of students in the District <u>persisted</u> from Fall 2017 to Spring 2018, compared with <u>73.25%</u> from Fall 2016 to Spring 2017, <u>72.55%</u> from Fall 2015 to Spring 2016 and <u>71.03%</u> from Fall 2014 to Spring 2015. The persistence rate is fairly stable with an <u>average of 71.97%</u> over this four-year period.

Fall to Spring Retention (Equity): On average, females have a <u>higher persistence rate</u> than males over this four-year period (71.61% and 69.42%, respectively). On average, Native Americans (74.74%) have the <u>highest persistence rate</u>, followed by Hispanics (72.33%), Asians (72.24%), Caucasians (68.69%), Multiple Race (66.87%), and African Americans (65.19%).